CITY OF PINE FOREST

PINE FOREST, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED September 30, 2019 INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF PINE FOREST, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

CITY COUNCIL

Wesley Brown Cathy Nagel Mike Lea Katie Fox Janet Smith Tim Townley Mayor Former Mayor (Until 06/2019) Council Member/Mayor Pro-Tem Council Member until 05/08/2019 Council Member Council Member

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Michelle Josey Rodney Price Connie Stanton Lacey Turner City Secretary/Treasurer Municipal Court Judge Chief Financial Officer Grant Administrator



Charles E. Reed & Associates, P.C. Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

Member

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Texas Society of Certified Public Accountants

AICPA Private Companies Practice Section

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pine Forest, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities of the City of Pine Forest, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities of the City of Pine Forest, Texas, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3-6 and 22 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Charles E. Reed of associates, P.C.

Charles E. Reed & Associates, P.C. Certified Public Accountants and Consultants Port Arthur, Texas

January 28, 2021

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CITY OF PINE FOREST, TEXAS MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

As management of the City of Pine Forest (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with our letter of transmittal at the front of this report and the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The net position of the City at the close of the most recent fiscal year was \$1,969,324. Of this amount, \$251,447 is the unrestricted net position and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the City's fund designation and fiscal policies. Unrestricted net position increased by \$244,042 in the fiscal year 2019.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$247,384. This is unassigned fund balance in the general fund and can be used for any lawful purpose.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basis financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of four components: 1) government- wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements and 4) required supplementary information which includes this management's discussion and analysis and budgetary information.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences). Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish between functions of the City that are principally supported by intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees or charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, road maintenance, disaster services and grant expenditures. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 7-8 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a self-balancing set of accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City are governmental funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Non-financial assets such as governmental buildings, roads, drainage ways, park land and long-term liabilities such as bonds payable or long term liabilities that will be paid with current assets are excluded. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains one individual governmental fund. Information is presented in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, which is considered a major fund.

Notes to the financial statements- The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information- In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the Report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budgetary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's net position was \$1,969,324.

NET POSITION

	2019		2018		
	Go	vernmental	Gov	ernmental	
		Activities	A	ctivities	
Current and other assets	\$	258,707	\$	150,085	
Capital assets, net		1,747,024		97,039	
Total assets		2,005,731		247,124	
Total assets	\$	2,005,731	_\$	247,124	
Current liabilities		7,260	1.00	4,563	
Long-term liabilities outstanding		29,147		=	
Other liabilities		, = ,			
Total liabilities	\$	36,407	\$	4,563	
Total liabilities	\$	36,407	\$	4,563	
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets		1,717,877		97,039	
Restricted		V=		-	
Unrestricted		251,447		138,262	
Total net position	\$	1,969,324	\$	235,301	

The largest portion of the City's net position, (87%), reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending, and with exception of business type assets, do not generate direct revenue for the City. They do represent, however, an obligation on the part of the City to maintain these assets into the future. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The remaining balance of \$251,447 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following table provides a summary of the City's operations for year ended September 30, 2019 with comparative totals for year ended September 30, 2018.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		2019	2018		
	Go	vernmental	Gov	vernmental	
*		Activities		Activities	
REVENUES:					
Program Revenues					
Grants	\$	426,591	\$	123,102	
General revenues:					
Property Tax		16,492		22,730	
Franchise fees		21,920		21,190	
Fees & Permits		88,340		61,423	
Sales Tax		135,414		121,132	
Miscellaneous		12,729		2,696	
Total revenues	\$	701,486	\$	352,273	
EXPENSES:					
General government	\$	334,084	\$	119,131	
Public safety		2,879		4,226	
Road maintenance		2,545		5,782	
Disaster services		115,086		261,419	
Grant Expenditures		2,850		50,789	
Total expenses	\$	457,444	\$	441,347	
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$	244,042	\$	(89,074)	
Net position, beginning of year	\$	235,301	\$	324,375	
Prior Period Adjustment		1,489,981			
Net position, beginning restated	\$	1,725,282	\$	324,375	
Net position ending	\$	1,969,324	\$	235,301	

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved, fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2019, the City's government funds reported an ending fund balance of \$247,384, all of which is unreserved and available for spending at the government's discretion. This balance represents an increase of \$125,171 in comparison with the prior year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets- The City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2019, amounted to \$1,747,024 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, and other capital assets such as buildings, improvements and equipment.

	Governmental Activities						
		2019		2018			
Land	\$	85,000	\$	85,000			
Construction in Progress		201,875		-			
Land Improvements		275,400		=			
Infrastructure		2,973,361		:-			
Office furniture and equipment		46,095		15,049			
Accumulated depreciation		(1,834,617)		(3,010)			
	\$	1,747,114	\$	97,039			

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included in the following:

- Expenditures for excavator: \$31,047
- Prior period adjustment made for infrastructure: streets and land improvements \$3,248,761, less accumulated depreciation \$1,739,721.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Long term debt- As of September 30, 2019, the City had a note payable balance of \$29,147. This note is due August 2021 with the monthly payment being \$1,352.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

In the general fund, budgeted revenues exceeded actual revenues by \$454,723 (65%) and budgeted expenditures exceeded actual expenditures by \$448,612 (74%). These variances were due to grant revenue and grant expenses which were not budgeted.

Requests for Information- The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Pine Forest, Mayor, 305 Nagel Street, Vidor, TX 77662.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF PINE FOREST STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

vernmental Activities
\$ 178,581
76,063
4,063
85,000
201,785
1,460,239
\$ 2,005,731
\$ 4,050 3,210 14,756 14,391 36,407
\$ 1,717,877 251,447 1,969,324
\$ \$ \$

CITY OF PINE FOREST STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

]	Progran	n Reve	nues					
			Cha	arges	Оре	erating		(Capital		
			f	or	Gra	nts and	i	Gr	ants and	Go	vernment
Functions/Programs	Е	xpenses	Ser	vices	Cont	ribution	ıs	Cor	ntributions	A	Activities
							-				
Governmental Activities:											
General Government	\$	334,084	\$	-	\$		-	\$	-	\$	(334,084)
Public Safety		2,879					-				(2,879)
Road Maintenance and Drainage		2,545		-			-		H		(2,545)
Disaster Services		115,086		_			_		-		(115,086)
Administration		2,850		-			_		426,591		423,741
		\$457,444	\$	-	\$		-	\$	426,591	\$	(30,853)
General Revenues:											
Property Tax										\$	16,492
Franchise Fee Income											21,920
Fees & Permits											88,340
Sales tax		ž.									135,414
Interest Income & Miscellaneous I	ncon	ne									12,729
			Total	General	Reven	iues				\$	274,895
			Chang	ge in Ne	t Positi	ion				\$	244,042
			Net P	osition -	Begin	ning				\$	235,301
			Prior l	Period a	djustm	ent					1,489,981
			Net po	osition- l	Beginn	ing- Re	stat	ed			1,725,282
			Net P	osition -	Ending	g				\$	1,969,324

CITY OF PINE FOREST BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

ASSETS		General			
		Fund			
Cash & cash equivalents	\$	178,581			
Investments		76,063			
Receivables- net of allowances for uncollectibles	\$	4,063			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	258,707			
LIABILITIES		,			
Accounts Payable	\$	4,050			
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		3,210			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	7,260			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue- Property Taxes	\$	4,063			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	4,063			
FUND BALANCES					
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$	247,384			
Total Fund Balance	\$	247,384			
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS					
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	258,707			

CITY OF PINE FOREST RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Cost of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation

Notes payable which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.

(29,147)

Total net position as reported on the Statement of Net Position for Governmental Activities.

\$ 247,384

4,063

4,063

4,063

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

(29,147)

CITY OF PINE FOREST

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

REVENUES: \$ 12,429 Property Tax \$ 12,920 Freanchise Fees Income 21,920 Fees & Permits 88,340 Sales tax 135,414 Grant income 426,591 Interest Income and miscellaneous income 12,729 Total Revenues \$ 697,423 EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government \$ 245,037 Public Safety 2,879 Road Maintenance and Drainage 2,545 Disaster Services 115,086 Grant Expenditures 2832 Capital Outlay 2870 Debt Service 232,832 Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 94,841 OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 94,841 OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCES, REGINNING			General Fund
Franchise Fees Income 21,920 Fees & Permits 88,340 Sales tax 135,414 Grant income 426,591 Interest Income and miscellaneous income 12,729 Total Revenues \$ 697,423 EXPENDITURES: *** Current: *** General Government \$ 245,037 Public Safety 2,879 Road Maintenance and Drainage 2,545 Disaster Services 115,086 Grant Expenditures 2,850 Capital Outlay *** Debt Service 232,832 Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 94,841 OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 30,330 Issuance of debt \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 <td< td=""><td>REVENUES:</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	REVENUES:		
Fees & Permits 88,340 Sales tax 135,414 Grant income 426,591 Interest Income and miscellaneous income 12,729 Total Revenues \$ 697,423 EXPENDITURES: *** Current: *** General Government \$ 245,037 Public Safety 2,879 Road Maintenance and Drainage 2,545 Disaster Services 115,086 Grant Expenditures 232,832 Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 94,841 OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 30,330 Issuance of debt \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	Property Tax	\$	12,429
Sales tax 135,414 Grant income 426,591 Interest Income and miscellaneous income 12,729 Total Revenues \$ 697,423 EXPENDITURES: * 697,423 EXPENDITURES: * 245,037 Current: * 245,037 Public Safety 2,879 Road Maintenance and Drainage 2,545 Disaster Services 115,086 Grant Expenditures 2850 Capital Outlay * 232,832 Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 30,330 Issuance of debt \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES-RESTATED \$ 122,213	Franchise Fees Income		21,920
Grant income 426,591 Interest Income and miscellaneous income 12,729 Total Revenues \$ 697,423 EXPENDITURES: ** Current: ** General Government \$ 245,037 Public Safety 2,879 Road Maintenance and Drainage 2,545 Disaster Services 115,086 Grant Expenditures 2850 Capital Outlay ** Debt Service 232,832 Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 30,330 Issuance of debt \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES-RESTATED \$ 122,213	Fees & Permits	9	88,340
Interest Income and miscellaneous income 12,729 Total Revenues \$ 697,423 EXPENDITURES: Urrent: General Government \$ 245,037 Public Safety 2,879 Road Maintenance and Drainage 2,545 Disaster Services 115,086 Grant Expenditures 2,850 Capital Outlay Urbert Service Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 94,841 OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	Sales tax		135,414
Total Revenues \$ 697,423 EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government \$ 245,037 Public Safety 2,879 Road Maintenance and Drainage 2,545 Disaster Services 115,086 Grant Expenditures 2,850 Capital Outlay Uservice Debt Service 232,832 Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 94,841 OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	Grant income		426,591
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government \$ 245,037 Public Safety 2,879 Road Maintenance and Drainage 2,545 Disaster Services 115,086 Grant Expenditures 2,850 Capital Outlay 232,832 Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	Interest Income and miscellaneous income		12,729
Current: General Government \$ 245,037 Public Safety 2,879 Road Maintenance and Drainage 2,545 Disaster Services 115,086 Grant Expenditures 2,850 Capital Outlay 2022,832 Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 94,841 OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 30,330 Issuance of debt \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	Total Revenues	\$	697,423
Current: General Government \$ 245,037 Public Safety 2,879 Road Maintenance and Drainage 2,545 Disaster Services 115,086 Grant Expenditures 2,850 Capital Outlay 200,000 Debt Service 232,832 Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213			
General Government \$ 245,037 Public Safety 2,879 Road Maintenance and Drainage 2,545 Disaster Services 115,086 Grant Expenditures 2,850 Capital Outlay 202,832 Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	EXPENDITURES:		
Public Safety 2,879 Road Maintenance and Drainage 2,545 Disaster Services 115,086 Grant Expenditures 2,850 Capital Outlay 202,832 Debt Service 232,832 Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	Current:		
Road Maintenance and Drainage 2,545 Disaster Services 115,086 Grant Expenditures 2,850 Capital Outlay Debt Service 232,832 Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 94,841 OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 30,330 Issuance of debt \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	General Government	\$	245,037
Disaster Services 115,086 Grant Expenditures 2,850 Capital Outlay 232,832 Debt Service 232,832 Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 94,841 OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 30,330 Issuance of debt \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	Public Safety		2,879
Grant Expenditures 2,850 Capital Outlay Debt Service 232,832 Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	Road Maintenance and Drainage		2,545
Capital Outlay 232,832 Debt Service 232,832 Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 94,841 OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 30,330 Issuance of debt \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	Disaster Services		115,086
Debt Service 232,832 Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 94,841 OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 30,330 Issuance of debt \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	Grant Expenditures		2,850
Principal payments on debt 1,183 Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES \$ 94,841 OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 30,330 Issuance of debt \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	Capital Outlay		
Interest 170 Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING Prior Period Adjustment \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	Debt Service		232,832
Total Expenditures \$ 602,582 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	Principal payments on debt		1,183
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt Total other financing sources and uses NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING Prior Period Adjustment FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 125,171	Interest		170
OVER EXPENDITURES \$ 94,841 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt \$ 30,330 Total other financing sources and uses NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	Total Expenditures	\$	602,582
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt \$30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$122,213	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		
Issuance of debt \$30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$122,213	OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	94,841
Issuance of debt \$30,330 Total other financing sources and uses \$30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$122,213	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Total other financing sources and uses \$ 30,330 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES \$ 125,171 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING \$ 138,262 Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213		\$	30.330
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213			
Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	125,171
Prior Period Adjustment (16,049) FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	\$	138,262
FUND BALANCES- RESTATED \$ 122,213	Prior Period Adjustment		,
FUND BALANCE, ENDING \$ 247,384	FUND BALANCES- RESTATED	\$	
	FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	247,384

CITY OF PINE FOREST RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances- total governmental funds (Exhibit D) 125,171 Government funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital Outlay 232,832 Depreciation (88,877)143,955 Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year. 4,063 The Issuance f debt is recognized as an other financing source in the funds but not in the Statement of Activities. (30,330)Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the Statement of Activities. 1,183 Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B). 244,042

CITY OF PINE FOREST, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Pine Forest, Texas (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following represents the significant accounting policies used by the City.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Pine Forest, Texas operates under a Type A General Law form of government as per The Local Government Code, Title 2, Section 6.011 which was approved and became effective as of December 4, 1995. The City provides the following services as authorized by this charter: Streets, Public Improvements, Planning and Zoning and General Administration Services.

The City Council, is made up of five council member and a mayor, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to city services within the jurisdiction of the City.

The City has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity". In accordance with this statement, a financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of the relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. There are no component units included in the reporting entity's financial statements.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Net Position0 report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed form these statements. Governmental activities generally are financed by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given structure or segment, are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general *revenues*.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis or accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, are recorded only when the payment is due.

Franchise taxes, sales taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

D. Budgetary Data

The City Council follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. On an annual basis, the Mayor and the City Secretary submit to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- 3. The budget is legally adopted by the City Council.
- 4. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 5. The City Council may authorize supplemental appropriations during the year.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

E. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions that would be treated as revenues, expenditures, or expenses if they involved organizations external to the City are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses in the funds involved. Transactions which constitute reimbursements of a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from it which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures or expenses (as appropriate) in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures or expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or non-routine transfers between funds are reported as additions to or reductions of the fund balance of governmental funds. Transfers of equity to proprietary funds are reported as reductions of retained earnings or contributed capital as is appropriate in the circumstances. All other legally authorized transfers are treated as operating transfers and are included in the results of operations of both governmental and proprietary funds.

F. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for foods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at September 30th, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. At the present time, encumbrance accounting is not employed by the City because it is not considered necessary to assure effective budgetary control or to facilitate effective cash planning and control.

G. Cash & Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand and time deposit accounts. Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments, such as certificates of deposit and debt securities with a maturity date of less than one year, are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Cash and time deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 or collateralized by bank pledged securities.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased. All certificates of deposits and investments in other securities and instruments are considered to be investments.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets and waterlines, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The City has elected to record infrastructure assets prospectively.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related costs or other recorded amounts are removed.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Property, plant and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Infrastructure	40
Office Equipment	5
Equipment	15

I. Fund Equity

The City of Pine Forest, Texas has implemented GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Non-spendable Fund Balance- includes the portion of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form or because they must remain in-tact.

Restricted Fund Balance- includes the portion of net resources on which limitations are imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or by laws or regulations of other governments (i.e., externally imposed limitations). Amounts can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers or as allowed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance- includes the portion of net resources upon which the City has imposed limitations on use. Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council, commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Council taking the same formal action that originally imposed the constraint. The formal action must be approved before the end of the fiscal year in which the commitment will be reflected on the financial statements. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period (i.e., the Council may approve the calculation or formula for determining the amount to be committed). The City establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution.

Assigned Fund Balance- includes the portion of net resources for which an intended use has been established by the City Council or the City Official authorized to do so by the City Council.

Unassigned fund balance- includes the amounts in the general fund in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the other four categories of fund balance. It is the residual classification of the general fund can include all amounts not contained in other classifications.

Order of Expenditure of Funds- When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, it is the City's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then committed fund balance, then assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance. The City established (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance. The City establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution or ordinance and formal action of Council. This is also done through adoption and amendment of the budget.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

J. Date of Management's Review

In preparing the financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition for disclosure through January 28, 2021 the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the City to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: CASH & INVESTMENTS

Category 2

Cash Deposits

At year-end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$178,581 and the bank balance was \$183,811. The City's balances were fully collateralized by FDIC insurance and pledged securities.

The cash deposits held at financial institutions can be categorized according to three levels of risk. These three levels of risk are:

Category 1 Deposits which are insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the City's name.

Deposits which are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Category 3 Deposits which are not collateralized or insured.

Based on these three levels of risk, the City's cash deposits are classified as Category 1 deposits as of September 30, 2019.

The City's investment policy allows for the investment of City assets in certificates of deposit, governmental investment pools, and other cash investments. At year-end, the City had investments in TexPool. TexPool is a public funds investment pool created by the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company to provide a safe environment for the placement of local government funds. The State Comptroller of Texas administers TexPool. Lehman Brothers and Federated Investors manage the daily operations of the pool under a contract with the Comptroller. TexPool operated in a manner consistent with the Security and Exchange Commission's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than market value to report net assets to compute share prices. The fair value of the position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares. TexPool is rated as AAA money market fund by Standard & Poor's. This rating indicates excellent safety and a superior capacity to maintain principal value and limit exposure to loss.

NOTE 2: CASH & INVESTMENTS

Investments can also be categorized according to three categories of credit risk:

Category 1 Investments which are insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

Category 2 Investments which are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.

Based on these three levels of risk, the City's investments are classified as Category 1 as of September 30, 2019.

The District's investments at September 30, 2019 are shown below:

	Type Investments not subject to categorizations	arrying mount	Fa	ir Value	Weighted Average
	TexPool	\$ 76,063	\$	76,063	20 days
Total	Certificates of Deposit Investments	\$ 76,063	\$	76,063	

NOTE 3: RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of September 30, 2019 for the City are as follows:

	Gove	Governmental			
	Type	Activities			
Property Taxes	\$	4,063			
	\$	4,063			

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Asset activity for the governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2019 is described in the following table:

Governmental Activities					Current			
	Be	ginning			Year			Ending
	В	alance	I	ncreases		Decre	eases	Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated								
Land	\$	85,000				\$		\$ 85,000
Construction in Progress			\$	201,785				\$ 201,785
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated:	\$	85,000	\$	201,785		\$		\$ 286,785
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Equipment	\$	-	\$	31,047		\$	=	\$ 31,047
Infrastructure				2,973,361				2,973,361
Land Improvement				275,400			:-:	275,400
Office furniture & equipment		15,049					-	15,049
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$	-	\$	3,279,808	,	\$	1	\$ 3,279,808
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Equipment		_		(517)			-	(517)
Land Improvement		-		(44,064)			-	(44,064)
Infrastructure		-	(1,784,017)			-	(1,784,017)
Office furniture & equipment		(3,010)		(3,010)			-	(6,020)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	(3,010)	\$(1,831,608)		\$	-	\$ (1,834,618)
Total Capital Assets being								
depreciated, net	\$	12,039	\$	1,448,200		\$	-	\$ 1,460,239
Total Governmental Activities								
Captial Assets, Net	\$	97,039	\$	1,649,985		\$	_	\$ 1,747,024

The current year column includes adjustments made to record infrastructure and related depreciation from prior years. See Note 8 for additional information related to prior period adjustment. Depreciation expense of the governmental activities charged to General Government was \$88,877.

NOTE 5: LONG TERM DEBT

During the year ended September 30, 2019, The City obtained financing from a local bank to provide fund to purchase an excavator. The \$30,330 promissory note is due in monthly installments of \$1,353, including interest at 6.5%. The interest expense in the year 2019 is \$170. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending				
September 30,	F	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	14,756	\$ 1,504	\$ 16,260
2021	\$	14,391	\$ 487	14,878
	\$	29,147	\$ 1,991	\$ 31,138

NOTE 6: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The City provides compensated sick leave accumulated at a rate of 1.5 days per month during the fiscal year. In addition, vacation time is earned annually as follows: 1-5 years of service- 10 days, 6-10 years of service- 15 days and 11 years of service and over- 20 days. All earned vacation, personal time and accumulated sick leave must be used annually and cannot be carried into subsequent fiscal years.

NOTE 7: OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City continues to carry commercial insurance for the risks of loss.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any to be immaterial.

From time to time the City is a defendant in legal proceedings relating to its operations. There is no known litigation or contingent liability affecting the City of Pine Forest, Texas at September 30, 2019.

NOTE 8: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The beginning balances have been adjusted to properly record infrastructure and land improvement assets and related depreciation, and to correct beginning property tax receivable. The effect of these adjustments is to increase beginning capital assets \$1,506,030 and to decrease beginning property taxes receivable \$16,049.

NOTE 9: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to year-end, many countries around the world, including the United States of America, were impacted by the COVID-19 outbreak. While the virus is continuing to evolve, its implications could involve interruptions to production and supply chains, unavailability or personnel, and reduction in sales. At this time, the City is not aware of any material risks to the financial statements caused by this event.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY
INFORMATION

CITY OF PINE FOREST, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 12,429	\$	(12,571)
Franchise fee income	14,000	14,000	21,920	Ψ	7,920
Fees & Permits	45,000	45,000	88,340		43,340
Sales Tax	158,000	158,000	135,414		(22,586)
Grant Income	-	-	426,591		426,591
Interest income & miscellaneous income	700	700	12,729	8	12,029
Total Revenues	\$242,700	\$ 242,700	\$697,423	\$	454,723
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government	\$ 138,490	\$ 138,490	\$ 245,207	\$	(106,717)
Public Safety	8,480	8,480	2,879		5,601
Road Mainternance & Drainage	7,000	7,000	2,545		4,455
Disaster Services	-	=	115,086		(115,086)
Capital Outlay	-	-	31,047		(31,047)
Principal payments on debt	-	-	1,183		(1,183)
Grant Expenditures			204,635		(204,635)
Total Expenditures	\$153,970	\$153,970	\$602,582	\$	(448,612)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF					
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	\$ 88,730	\$ 88,730	\$ 94,841	\$	6,111
OTHER FINANCING SOURSES(USES)					
Issuance of debt	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,330	\$	30,330
9				-	30,330
Total other financing sources & uses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,330	\$	30,330
NET CHANGE IN					
FUND BALANCES	\$ 88,730	\$ 88,730	\$125,171	\$	36,441
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	122,213				
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	247,384				

J				